§ 2.10-120

§2.10-120 Overseas inspection and examination fees.

(a) In addition to any other fee required by this subpart, an overseas inspection and examination fee of \$4,585 must be paid for each vessel inspection and examination conducted outside the United States and its territories. This fee does not apply to vessel inspections and examinations conducted in Canada, Mexico, or the British Virgin Islands.

(b) The overseas inspection and examination fee for each vessel must accompany each request to the cognizant Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection for an overseas inspection or examination.

§2.10-125 Fees for examination of foreign tankships.

Each foreign tankship of a country party to the International Convention for the Safety of Life at Sea, 1974 as amended, must pay:

(a) For examination for the issuance of a Letter of Compliance under §2.01-6(a)(2)(i) of this part, or examination for the annual endorsement to a Letter of Compliance, a fee of \$1,100.

(b) For examination for the issuance of a Tank Vessel Examination Letter under §2.01–6(a)(3) of this part, a fee of \$1.100.

§2.10-130 Fees for examination of foreign mobile offshore drilling units.

Each foreign mobile offshore drilling unit must pay:

(a) For examination for the issuance of a Letter of Compliance indicating compliance with the design and equipment standards of either the documenting nation or the International Maritime Organization Code for Construction and Equipment of Mobile Offshore Drilling Units, a fee of \$1,830.

(b) For examination for the issuance of a Letter of Compliance indicating compliance with the design and equipment standards of 46 CFR part 108, the inspection fee listed in table 2.10–101 of this subpart for the same type of mobile offshore drilling unit.

§ 2.10-135 Penalties.

(a) A vessel owner or operator who fails to pay a fee or charge established under this subpart is liable to the

United States Government for a civil penalty.

(b) In addition to the fees established in this subpart, the Coast Guard may recover collection and enforcement costs associated with delinquent payments of, or failure to pay, a fee. Coast Guard inspection and examination services may also be withheld pending payment of outstanding fees owed to the Coast Guard for inspection and examination services provided.

(c) Each District Commander or Officer in Charge Marine Inspection may request the Secretary of the Treasury, or the authorized representative thereof, to withhold or revoke the clearance required by 46 U.S.C. app. 91 of a vessel for which a fee or charge established under this part has not been paid or until a bond is posted for the payment.

[CGD 91-030, 60 FR 13563, Mar. 13, 1995, as amended by CGD 96-052, 62 FR 16703, Apr. 8, 1997]

Subpart 2.20—Reports and Forms

§2.20-40 Chief engineer's reports.

(a) Repairs to boilers and pressure vessels. The chief engineer is required to report any repairs to boilers or unfired pressure vessels in accordance with §§ 33.25-5, 78.33-1, and 97.30-1 of this chapter.

(b) The chief engineer of any vessel is required to report any accident to a boiler, unfired pressure vessel, or machinery tending to render the further use of the item unsafe until repairs are made by §§ 35.25–5, 78.33–5, and 97.30–5 of this chapter.

(c) The chief engineer shall report the renewal of fusible plugs in boilers by letter to the Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection, who issued the certificate of inspection when such fusible plugs are renewed at other than the inspection for certification and there is no marine inspector in attendance at the renewal. This letter report shall contain the following information:

- (1) Name and official number of ves-
- (2) Date of renewal of fusible plugs.
- (3) Number and location of fusible plugs renewed in each boiler.
- (4) Manufacturer and heat number of each plug.

(5) Reason for renewal.

[CGFR 65-50, 30 FR 16604, Dec. 30, 1965, as amended by CGFR 68-82, 33 FR 18804, Dec. 18, 1968]

§2.20-50 Repairs or alterations in lifesaving or fire prevention equipment.

No repairs or alterations shall be made to any lifesaving or fire-detecting or fire-extinguishing equipment except in an emergency without advance notice to the Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection. See §§78.33–10 and 97.30–10 of this chapter.

[CGFR 65–50, 30 FR 16604, Dec. 30, 1965, as amended by CGD 97–057, 62 FR 51041, Sept. 30, 1997]

Subpart 2.45 [Reserved]

Subpart 2.50—Penalties

§2.50-1 Penalty procedures.

Civil and criminal penalty procedures appear in 33 CFR part 1. Civil monetary penalty amounts are set forth in 33 CFR part 27.

[CGD 96-052, 62 FR 16703, Apr. 8, 1997]

Subpart 2.75—Approvals of Safety Equipment, Materials and Installations, and Qualifications for Construction Personnel

§ 2.75-1 Approvals.

(a) Certain navigation and vessel inspection laws, or regulations in this chapter or in 33 CFR chapter I, require the Commandant's approval before specific types of safety equipment, materials, or installations may be installed or used on vessels subject to Coast Guard inspection, or on other described vessels, motorboats, artificial islands, and fixed structures.

(b) The Commandant's approvals are issued to persons, partnerships, companies, or corporations who offer for sale specific items of safety equipment, materials, or installations, or intend them for their own or others' use. These approvals are intended to provide a control over the quality of such approved items. The Commandant's approvals apply only to those items constructed or installed in accordance with applica-

ble requirements, and the details as described in the documents granting specific approval. If a specific item when manufactured does not comply with these details, then it is not considered to be approved and the approval issued does not apply to such modified item. For example, if an item is manufactured with changes in design or material not previously approved, the approval does not apply to such modified item. The failure to comply with applicable requirements and details specified in the approval subjects the holder to immediate suspension of approval as described in §2.75-40, and if necessary, to a public hearing seeking withdrawal of approval and removal of all such items from use or installation as provided in §2.75–50.

(c) The Commandant's approvals are issued to qualified holders in the form certificates of approval (Form CGHQ-10030), by appropriate description and identification in documents filed with the Office of the Federal Register and published in the FEDERAL REGISTER, or by letters, or by appropriate markings on drawings, plans, etc. Under the direction of the Commandant, the Assistant Commandant for Marine Safety and Environmental Protection is delegated the authority to exercise the necessary actions relating to the granting, suspension, cancellation or revocation of approvals for special items of safety equipment, materials or installations required by law in regulation in this chapter or in 33 CFR chapter I to have the Commandant's approval. The authority delegated to the Assistant Commandant for Marine Safety and Environmental Protection may be further delegated by

(d) The approvals granted to holders qualifying under the regulations in this chapter or in specifications, copies of which may be obtained from the Commandant (G-MSE), and to which official Coast Guard numbers are assigned, will be in the form of certificates of approval. Unless specifically provided otherwise, the approval shall be valid for a period of five years from the date on the certificate of approval, but subject to suspension and/or cancellation if it is found the item offered, sold, or used as Coast Guard approved differs in